Supporting Healthy Weight Gain:

Provincial Training Initiative on The 5As Framework & Practice Support Tool







Healthy Mothers and Healthy Babies Conference, March 11th, 2016







Introductions

- Adam King, MPH, MBA(c)
 - Director, Provincial Health Promotion, Prevention, and Primary Care
- Christina Kay, MD, MSc, CCFP, FRCPC
 - Primary Maternity Care Lead







Learning Objectives

- Highlight the importance of healthy pregnancy weight gain on a range of maternal, obstetric and child outcomes
- 2. Describe Health Canada/Institute of Medicine's guidelines on gestational weight gain
- 3. Understand how the 5A's framework can help facilitate gestational weight gain counselling and management in a primary care practice
- Identify how you can participate in training opportunities on the 5A's for Healthy Pregnancy Weight Gain







Overview of Gestational Weight Gain (GWG)









Weight Gain in Pregnancy is Healthy





Health Canada / IOM Guidelines for GWG

| Classification | Target Weekly GWG (2 nd and 3 rd Trimesters) | Target Total GWG |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Underweight | 1 pound per week | 28 - 40 pounds |
| (BMI <18.5 kg/m²) | (0.5 kg per week) | (12.7 – 18.2 kg) |
| Normal weight | 1 pound per week | 25 - 35 pounds |
| (BMI 18.5-24.9 kg/m²) | (0.4 kg per week) | (11.4 – 15.9 kg) |
| Overweight | 0.6 pounds per week | 15 - 25 |
| (BMI 25.0-29.9 kg/m²) | (0.3 kg per week) | (6.8 - 11.4 kg) |
| Obese | 0.5 pounds per week | 11 - 20 pounds |
| (BMI ≥ 30 kg/m²) | (0.2 kg per week) | (5 – 9.1 kg) |

Twin Pregnancy Recommended GWG:

Pregravid Normal Weight = 16.8–24.5 kg (37–54 lb) Pregravid Overweight = 14.1–22.7 kg (31–50 lb)

Pregravid Obesity = 11.3–19.1 kg (25–42 lb)

Note: Data insufficient to determine amount of GWG for multi-fetal (triplet and higher order)

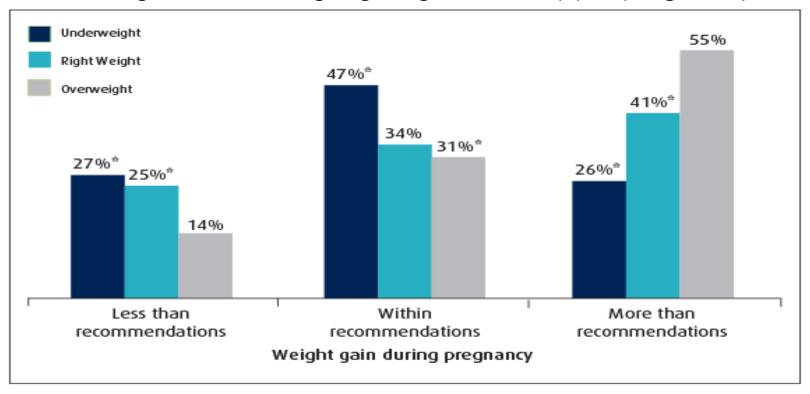
AN3 IOM-1990

HC-1999

-->Does WC apply in pregnancy?? Dr. Ashnoor Nagji, 20-Jan-16

The Canadian Reality

Percentage of women who gained less than, within and more than Health Canada's gestational weight gain guidelines by pre-pregnancy BMI



Source: Adapted from Lowell & Miller (2010).11 Original source: 2006 Maternity Experiences Survey. The data represents female household population aged 15 or older who gave birth within 3 months before the 2006 Canadian Census.

*Significantly different from corresponding estimate for BMI more than 27 (p<0.05).

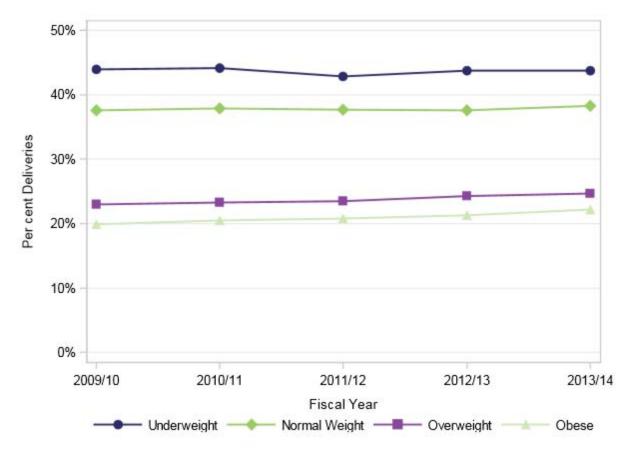






In British Columbia

Appropriate Weight Gain During Pregnancy by Pre-Pregnancy BMI (April 1, 2009 – March 31, 2014)



Source: Perinatal Services BC, Perinatal Health Report 2009/10 to 2013/14, page 11









Impact of Inappropriate GWG

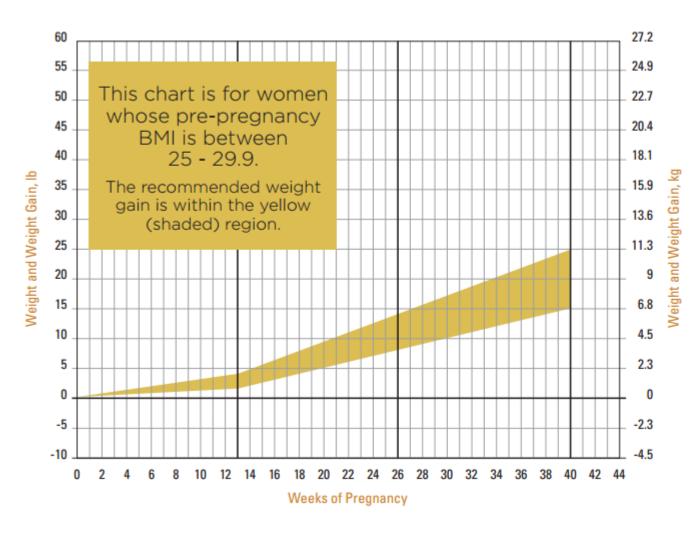
| | Obstetrical | Mother | Infant | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Excess GWG | Caesarean birth | Gestational diabetes (GDM) Hypertensive disorders of pregnancy | Fetal overgrowth (i.e. large for gestational age) Downstream child obesity, diabetes, hypertension Preterm birth Low APGAR scores | |
| | Transfer to higher- level care | Transfer to higher- level care | Transfer to higher-level care | |
| Inadequate GWG | Premature rupture of membranes (PROM) | | Fetal undergrowth (i.e. small for gestational age) Neonatal mortality | |







Early Excess GWG is Critical



Pre-Pregnancy BMI:

Greater than 25.0 - 29.9

Weight Gain (kg):

7.0 - 11.5

Weight Gain (lbs):

15 - 25

Weight Gain Review

| Date | Comments | | | | |
|------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |









Discussing GWG



 1 in 4 women reported being told of risks with inappropriate gain.¹



 1 in 3 women did not receive pregnancy weight advice from their health providers.^{2,3}



 Half of those considered overweight were advised to gain more weight than guidelines recommend.^{2,3}







Discussing GWG

Women's Perspective

21 out of 25 women were *comfortable* or *very comfortable* discussing weight-related matters with their care providers.¹









Evidence-Based Practice

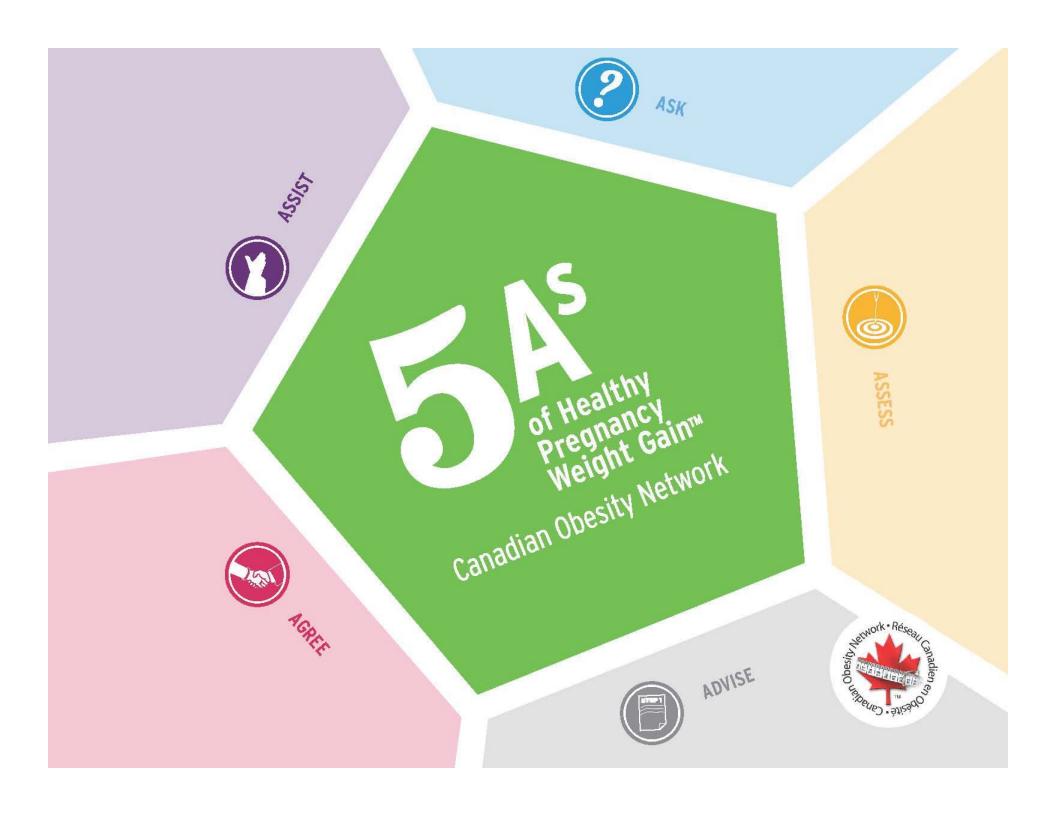
Women who have weight gain discussions with their clinician are more likely to gain weight within the recommendations.











5As of Healthy GWG

- Originally developed for smoking cessation
 - Adapted for obesity management
 - Behaviour-change theory
- Successful in primary care settings
- Lack of adequate counselling for healthy GWG^{2,3}
- Framework expanded to be used in pregnancy









5As Goals

Increase clinician **comfort** and **competence** to *individualize* the approach to GWG for <u>all</u> women by:

- Targeting GWG according to pre-pregnancy BMI
- Identifying women gaining outside the guidelines
- Using a holistic approach that
 - Appreciates every woman's context
 - Tailors monitoring of weight/goals
 - Encourages behaviour change as needed







Key Principles



Discussion about GWG should occur with *every* woman who is pregnant or planning pregnancy.



Achieving healthy GWG focuses on improving health and well-being of both moms and babies.



Early action targets root causes and roadblocks.



Pregnancy related health beliefs can be powerful influences on GWG.



Achieving goals is different for every woman.











ASSIST in addressing drivers and barriers, offer education & resources, refer to provider, and arrange follow-up



ASSESS potential "root causes" of guideline-discordant weight gain



AGREE on a realistic SMART plan to achieve health behaviour outcomes



ADVISE on excess
pregnancy weight gain risks and
management options

5As "Report Card"

| | Component | Excellent | Good | Needs Improvement |
|--|--|-----------|------|----------------------|
| | ASK for permission to discuss. | | | |
| | ASSESS root causes of inappropriate GWG. | | | |
| | ADVISE on GWG risk and management options. | | | |
| | AGREE on a realistic plan to achieve healthy behaviour outcomes. | | | |
| | ASSIST (or ARRANGE) women in identifying barriers/facilitators; educate, refer, arrange f/u. | | | |







Provincial Training Initiative

- PSBC received funding through PHSA's Population and Public Health Program
- Provincial Advisory Committee was struck to provide input into training strategy. Membership included GPs, RMs, OBGYNs, NPs, Dietitians, Obesity Specialists, Endocrinologists, Curriculum Developers.
- Strategy and curriculum reviewed by National Working Group lead by the Canadian Obesity Network







Online Module

- 1 hour Online Training Module
 - Accredited up to 1.0 Mainpro-M1/MOC Section 1
 - Free
 - Interactive incorporating quizzes, reflections, practice tips, case scenarios, and pre- and post- questionnaire.
 - Launch early next week
 - Will be available across Canada through <u>www.MDcme.ca</u>, also available through UBC's CPD website: http://ubccpd.ca/courses.









Menu

M \ Unit 3 Vignettes / Case Scenarios \

Vignette 1: Mona, a healthy weight woman

Dialogue between health care provider and Mona, a healthy weight woman



Mona

Patient History

- · a G1P0 (first pregnancy, no births)
- · 31-year-old woman

Visits

- · During her second, regular prenatal visit at 15 weeks
- · Her first visit was at 10 weeks

Pre-pregnancy BMI is 24.2 kg/m²





In-person Training Workshops

- 3 hour format based on Vancouver Division of Family Practice's Maternity Workshops
- Accredited: 3.5 Mainpro-C/MOC Section 3

TARGET AUDIENCE: Physicians, Nurse Practitioners, Midwives, Dietitians, or other perinatal care providers.

COST: Free. Dinner and course materials provided.

OBJECTIVES:

- Increased awareness of the Institute of Medicine (IOM) gestational weight gain guidelines;
- Recognize evidence identifying excessive gestational weight gain as an independent and modifiable risk factor for a range of maternal, obstetrical, infant, and child outcomes; and
- Engage in patient-centred gestational weight-gain counselling and healthy behavior change that is both effective and empowering for women.

Easy ways to Register



ubccpd.ca



604,875,5101



604.875.5078



cpd.info@ubc.ca



UBC CPD VGH JPPN 3300 910 W 10th Ave Vancouver BC V5Z 1M9

Email allison.m@ubc.ca for more info!

3.5 MAINPRO-C

WORKSHOP & FOLLOW-UP SESSION

MAR 29, 2016 SURREY
APR 5, 2016 VANCOUVER
APR 12, 2016 VANCOUVER DIVISIONS MEMBERS ONLY
APR 19, 2016 KELOWNA

APR 21, 2016 VICTORIA APR 26, 2016 PRINCE GEORGE

More information: http://ubccpd.ca/healthy-pregnancy-weight-gain

 2 additional in-person workshops will be offered in the fall 2016







Behavior Change Starts with Providers

 Evaluation Metrics: Care provider knowledge and behavior

 Important to note: GWG is only one part of the equation. Supporting women to live within a healthy weight range throughout the lifecourse is also a priority.







Thank you!











