SEXUALITY, HEALTH and HYGIENE

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THE RULES IN MY CLASSROOM......





• THANK YOU TO:

Peter Johnson Margaret Newbury Jones Dave Hingsburger

- Part 1 The Challenges in teaching to the Developmentally Disabled population.....and add in challenges of Mental health....
- Part 2 Teaching Tools for you..and your staff ..tools, strategies that will help with learning, understanding and remembering
- Part 3 The Curriculum...where to begin, what to teach

There are lots of Curriculums on line...just google...Sexuality, health hygiene curriculum, teaching for Developmentally Disabled...a few on Resource list. Also seem to be a number of people finally doing workshops, training classes in this area.



1. **WHO** are we talking about??

2. WHY is this such an important topic??

IF YOU EVER THINK THAT YOU ARE TOO SMALL TO MAKE A DIFFERENCE, THINK ABOUT SPENDING A NIGHT COOPED UP WITH A MOSQUITO.





WHAT do we mean by Sexuality? by Health? by Hygiene?

IGNORE labels on books, materials.....good for all.....



A. THINKING ABOUT THE CHALLENGES FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES TO LEARN ABOUT ISSUES OF SEXUALITY, HEALTH and HYGIENE



 Challenges for teaching sexual health, health and hygiene to students with intellectual disabilities

- Every person with an Intellectual Disability learns differently.
- When teaching sexual health, it is optimal to teach the same thing in different ways, rather than using just one approach and teaching more slowly.

WHY ARE THESE INDIVIDUALS SO AT RISK?

- 1. Over protected
 - Over dependent
 - Over trusting
 - Compliant

TEACH : NOGO..... TELL

If someone touches your body in a way that makes you feel scared, angry, sad or confused:

KENTEREER





Try to say NO or STOP

GO

1

GO to a safe place as soon as you can





Talk to someone who can help.

Listen carefully to what your body tells you about being touched.

Your body gives you warning feelings telling you that you might need help.

.....Facts on Sexual Abuse

- The risk of being physically or sexually assaulted for adults with developmental disabilities is likely 4 to 10 times as high as it is for other adults (Sobsey, 1994)
- Children with any kind of disability are more than twice as likely to be sexually abused (Little, 2004)

Before the age of 18, over 85% of girls and at least 40% of boys with a developmental disability will be SEXUALLY MOLESTED AND

In the overwhelming majority of instances, the sexual abuse will be done by a person who is trusted to work with the developmentally disabled child or teen.

DAVE HINGSBURGER



2. We the **ADULTS** are the biggest problem.

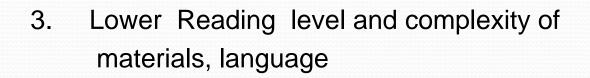
They can have great difficulty in distinguishing between private and public behaviours and body parts.

We the adults are always breaking boundaries

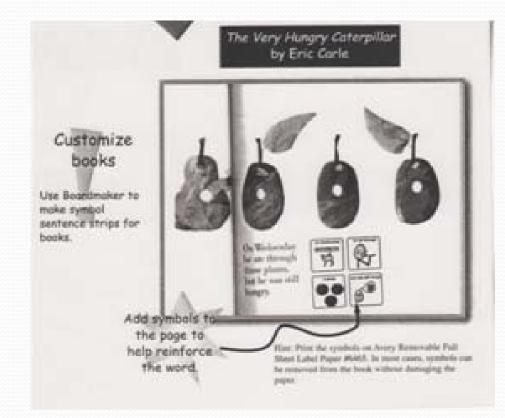


by Lynn Johnston



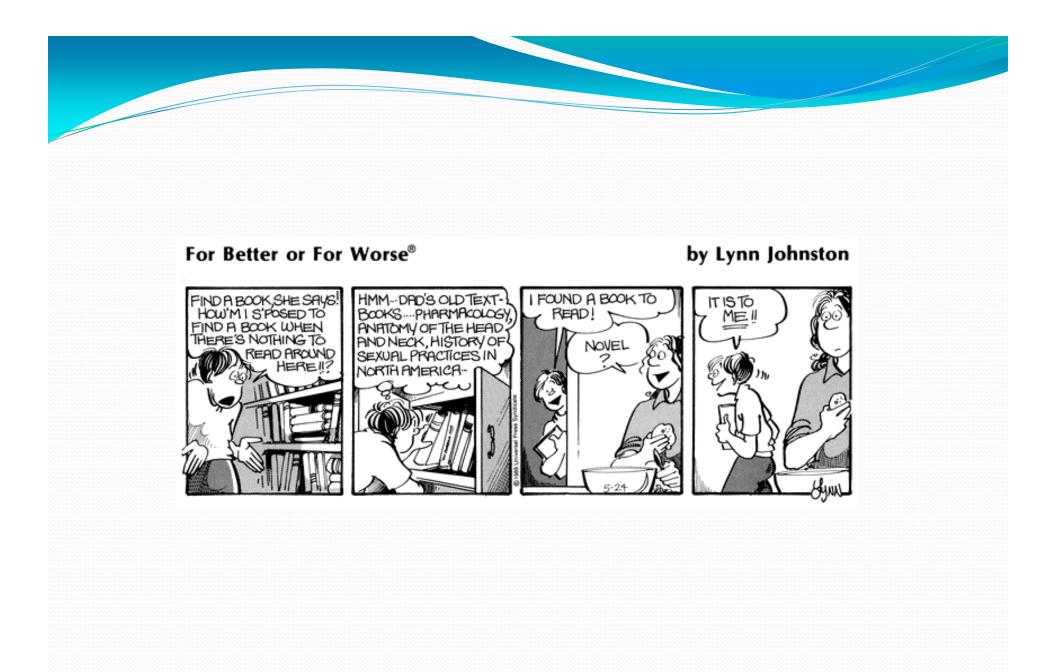


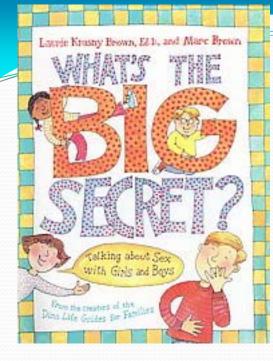






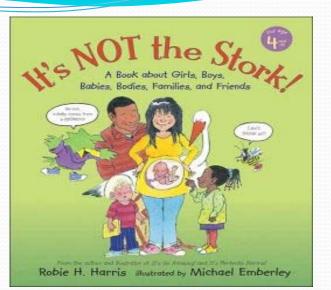
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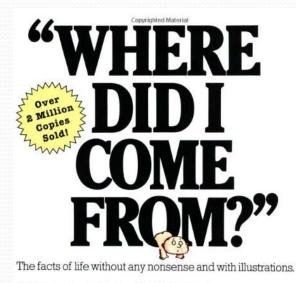






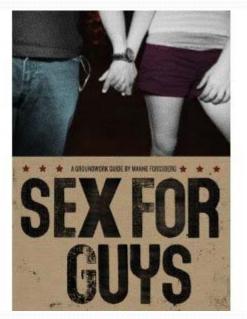


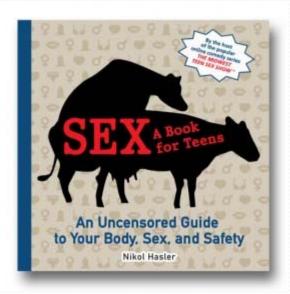




Written by bestselling author Peter Mayle Illustrated by Arthur Robins

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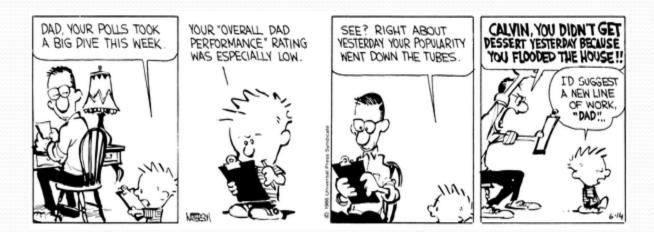
4. Intellectual and Emotional age is lower than actual age.

THEORY OF THE MIND





- Difficulty explaining own behaviours



THEORY OF THE MIND - Problems understanding emotions



THEORY OF THE MIND - Problems inferring the intentions of others



- Difficulty predicting how others feel or think.....work on FEELINGS



- showing empathy and being able and willing to help others



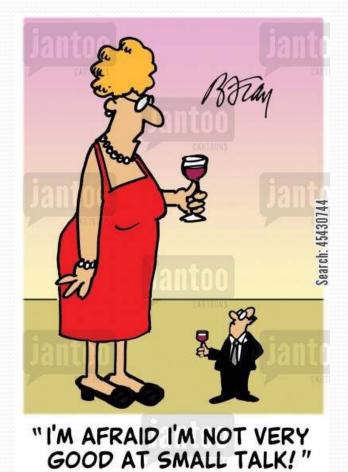
- Problems understanding the perspectives of others



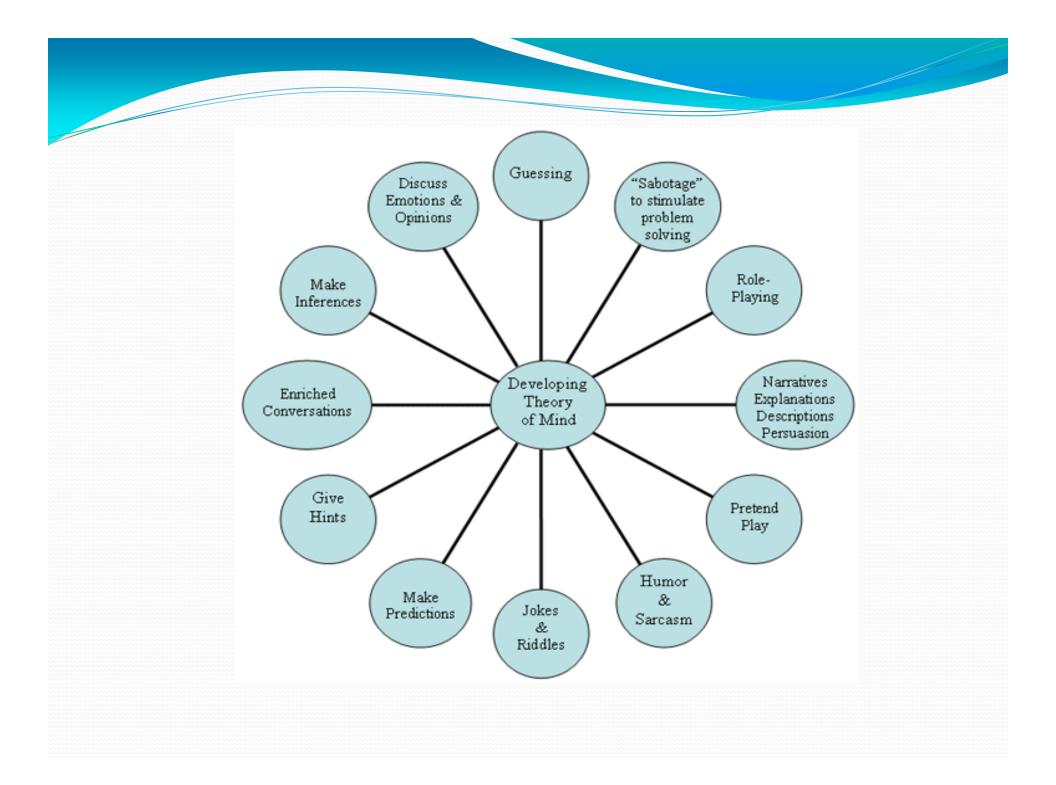
- Difficulty in understanding that behaviour impacts how others think and or feel..... caring about only certain topics



THEORY OF THE MIND - Problems with social conventions such as turn taking, politeness, social space and social rules.....etc.



I tried my best to see things from your point of view, but your point of view, but your point of view is stupid.



- 5. May have difficulty with abstract and abstract thinking. Do not often understand the "HIDDEN CURRICULUM
- Much of their life may be spent in a fantasy world, they do not understand the difference between a crush and love, or the long term consequences of an action or activity.





Communication has **3** parts....

1. Understanding and comprehension

- 2. Their use and understanding of expressive language
- 3. Their use and understanding of the pragmatic skills....not understanding the "Hidden Curriculum"
- WHAT helps with Communication...using VISUALS.....at all ages.



90 % do not understand the abstract

We need to model and teach the social norms...but we often model incorrectly

This means that they may have trouble with visualizing and seeing pictures in their heads in the same way as others may be able to.

Therefore, when they listen to someone speak they can often repeat what they have heard but do not understand.

They see our behaviour and copy us without understanding that at another time and place, with another person it is not appropriate.



6. Do not learn well by osmosis or incidental learning

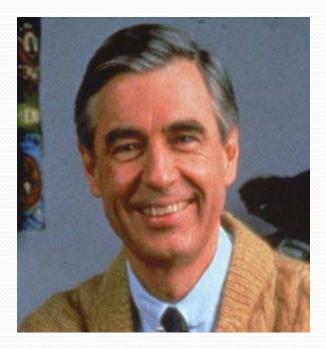




7. Learn at a slower rate...never assume they remember forever. Teach with lots of practice.

NEVER ASSUME THEY REMEMBER FOREVER

TALK LESS and TALK SLOWER





8. MENTAL HEALTH ISSUES......SENSORY CHALLENGES

.....other medical, health related challenges...cause behaviours that so interfere with learning attention and retaining.

FIGHT...FLIGHT...FEAR



Anxiety, Anger, Stress, Fatigue, Hunger, Sensory Overload

Cannot HEAR

Cannot THINK

Cannot TALK

Cannot make a DECISION Cannot make a JUDGEMENT CALL



Sponge Bob Calm Down Routine

Follow this routine when you need to calm down:







Close your eyes

Take a deep breath in

Relax your muscles







Blow out

Repeat 2 more times

Feel calm again

9. We continue to break the norms both informally and formally and this results in so much confusion for them.

They may for example get hugged for doing a chore, they do not see the connection. The hug is teaching that hugging without a reason is okay. This does may not make sense especially if the person is not in

their inner ripple.

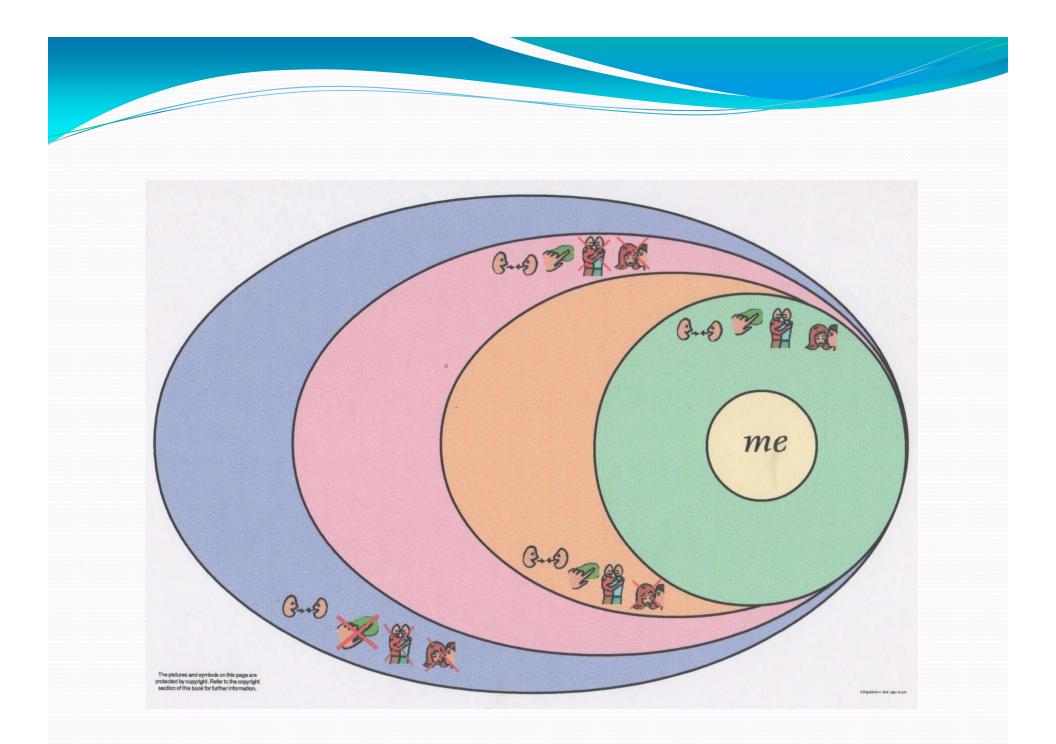
They see other high school students hugging in the hallway, yet we teach them not to do the same.



 Huggingnot understanding the difference between friends and acquaintances.









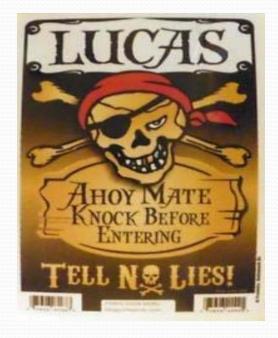
10. Teaching needs to begin at birth...and not wait until a crisis.





11. Need for space and privacy and exploration





B. TEACHING ABOUT SEXUALITY, HEALTH AND HYGIENE TO ENSURE SUCCESS....or HOW DO I TEACH?...or the Educational tools...

All material needs to be ADAPTED OR MODIFIED......and be at the level needed for understanding and comprehension.

a.) UNIVERSAL DESIGN FOR LEARNING..

B. TEACHING ABOUT SEXUALITY, HEALTH AND HYGIENE TO ENSURE SUCCESS....or HOW DO I TEACH?...or the Educational tools...

All material needs to be ADAPTED OR MODIFIED......and be at the level needed for understanding and comprehension.

a.) UNIVERSAL DESIGN FOR LEARNING..Differentiated learning

UDL Universal Design of Learning

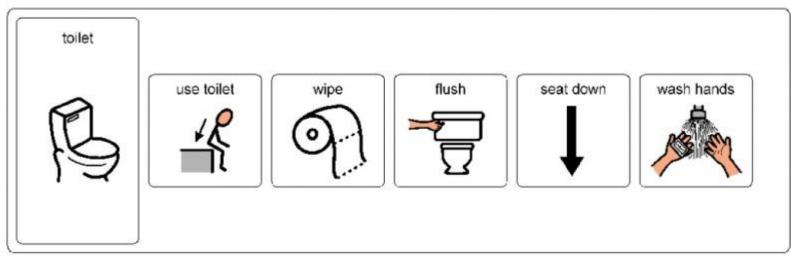


UNIVERSAL DESIGN FOR LEARNING What SOME students will learn

What MOST students, but not all, will learn

What ALL students will learn...THE BIG IDEA OF THE LESSON OR TOPIC b.) Chunking or task analysis of material - GOGGLE THE TOPIC FOR VISUALS.....lots on line to give you ideas





Going to the bathroom



down



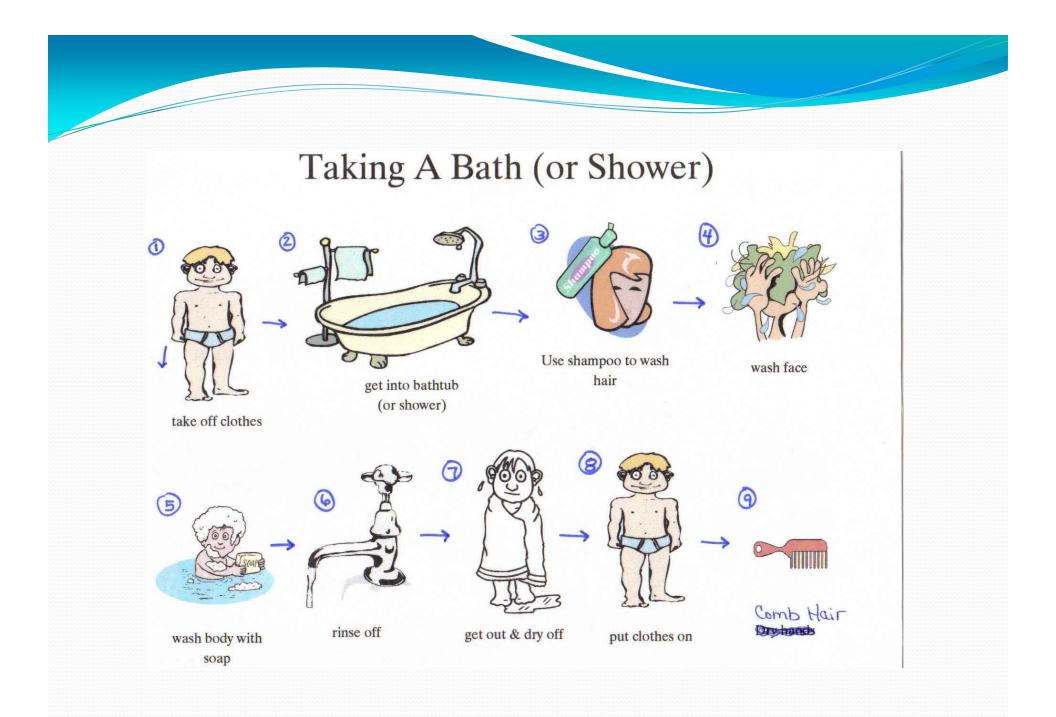
underwear flush

put tissue in toilet

pull down sit down on tear off tissue the toilet pull up underwear pull pants up

wet hands turn on water get soap wash hands turn off water dry hands







c.) Do direct teaching

BUT not all the time....best for teaching small chunks of information that are clear and straight forward

d.) Do not assume they know anything ...start with basics.

e.) Information does not lead to trying.

Teach much information as rules......especially if its a rule you want them to know forever. BUT ...do not forget about "WHAT IF'S?" Set up , discuss scenarios...and role play, practice...

What if someone asks to see your private parts?

What if a person tells you to keep a secret that makes you feel uncomfortable and unsafe?

What if someone shows you pictures on a phone, ipad or computer of adults, teenagers or children showing and/or touching their private parts.

What if someone tells you to play a 'fun game' where you both pull down your pants and show each other your private parts?



What if someone tells you (or sends you a message on a phone or computer) asking you to send pictures of your private parts?

What if an adult, an older teenager or other kids start to make jokes about private parts?

What if children are playing around in the toilets (or playground) at school and trying to see other people's private parts?



g.) PRACTICE.....and ROLE PLAY...over and over....

h.) GENERALIZATION



i.) Consistent language TOLIET:

bathroom, washroom, lavatory, powder room, restroom, loo, water closet, latrine, WC, comfort station, boy's room, throne, john, head, outhouse, public washroom, privy, urinal, public bathroom, ladies' room, girls' room, senors, senoritas...... And all the non verbal sign....





j.) Role Play, videos.....concrete materials.....Practice saying No....
NO...GO...TELL.....what your GUT says and feels.....
Practice greetings...giving affection...using Ripples.....SELF TALK





K.) Be FLEXIBLE.....laughter, humour....make it fun..lots of positive feedback





I.) Expect SUCCESS

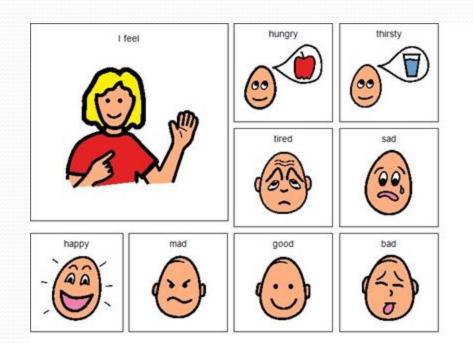
Work on one thing at a time.....the one most needed for safety...for inclusion...for independence...for participation ...for understanding

BUT... Remember its often two steps forward and one step back. They MAY GOOF UP.....



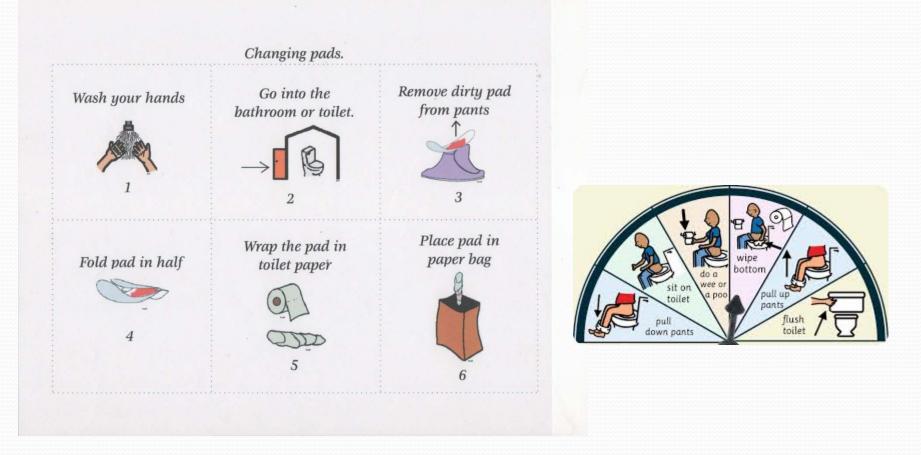


m.) Make information CONCRETE....and relate to their real life.



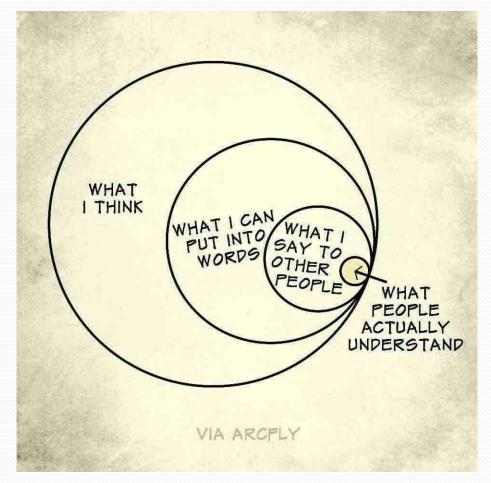


n.) VISUAL...MOVEMENT...TACTILE...MULTISENSORY...PRACTICE



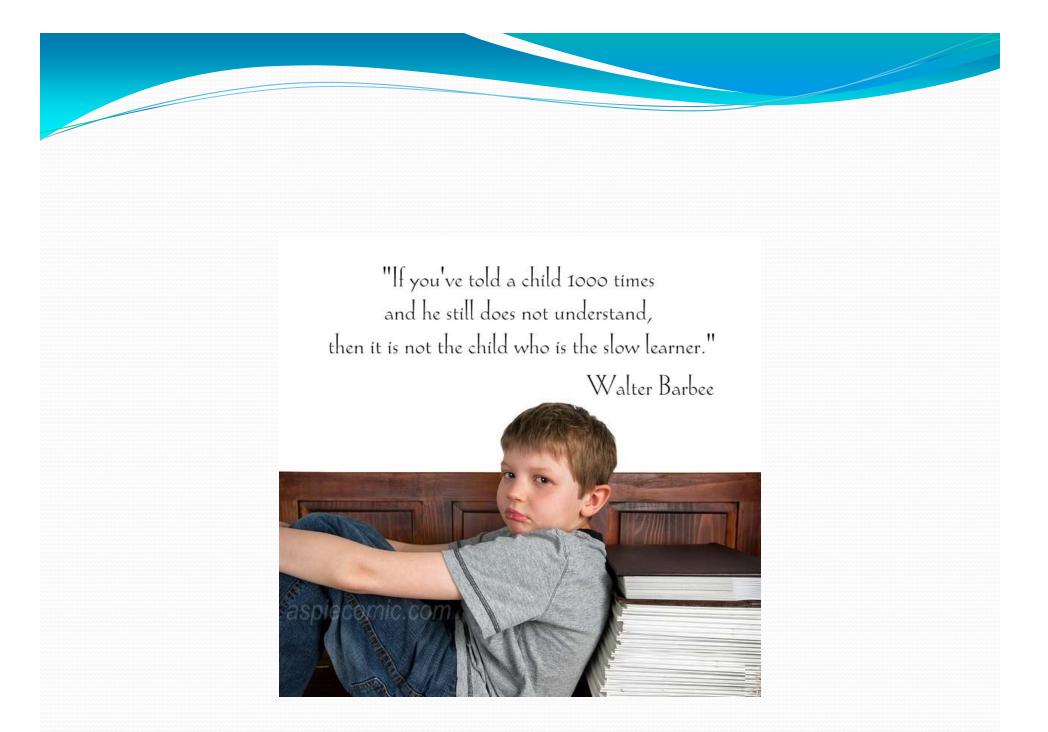


VISUAL, VISUAL, VISUAL.....think how can I do this WITHOUT TALKING.....

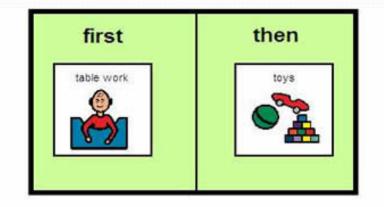


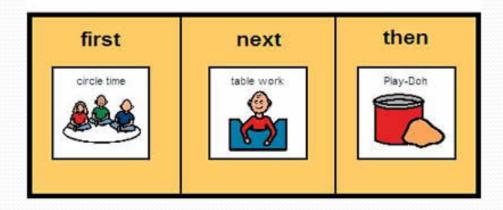
Visuals help ensure routines can be established easily, lead to independence and save us from talking and talking. Do not always worry about what ORDER they do their routines in...does it really matter???

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Morning Routine Chart {and 3 ways to use it!}	tidy bedroom pock school bag go to the bathroom

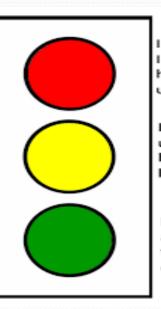


THINK : HOW can I make this VISUAL???









l don't get it! l need some help understanding. Large traffic lights faces

Courses of Courses and States of Co.

I think I understand but I need a little support.

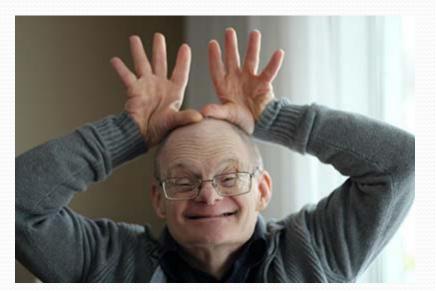
l understand and can try this on my own.

No matter what their age....use visuals and DO NOT TAKE THEM AWAY











0.) Have fewer opportunities for making friends, social activities and interactions.....fewer chances to practice, to model, to learn.....

INTERACTIONS

INTERACTIONS V RELATIONSHIPS V FRIENDSHIPS V INTIMATE RELATIONSHIPS

Dave Hingsburger







FROM DAVE HINGSBURGER:

The question is: Where should start in teaching about sex and sexuality?

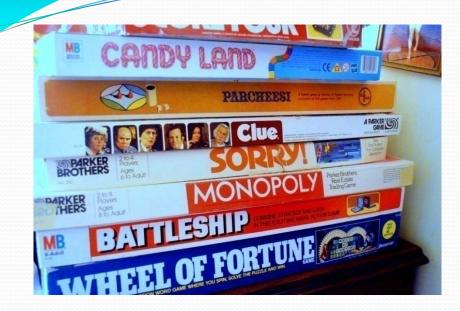
The answer is **SOCIAL SKILLS**.

So much of what people need to learn is in regard to regular human interaction. People with disabilities may have fewer opportunities to learn about interactions because of physical or psychological segregation. A Social skills program sets the stage for teaching about Sexuality later on.



• What do you think is the most important social skill?

- Are you thinking communication, trust, honesty?
- Lovely answers , but quite wrong.
- The most important social skill for the maintenance of relationships is **RECIPROCITY.** If you can teach an individual to give and to take then they are well on their way to a future full of friendships. Dave Hingsburger



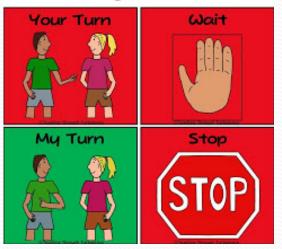


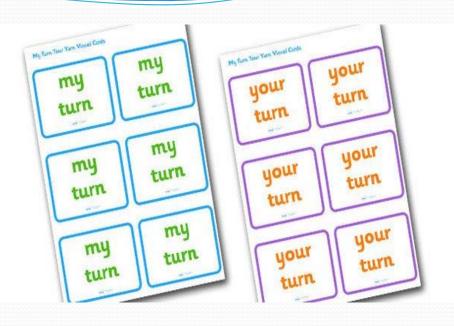




My Turn/Your Turn Cards

Cut out the My Turn card and 1 Red card. Glue them back to back and then run through the laminator.







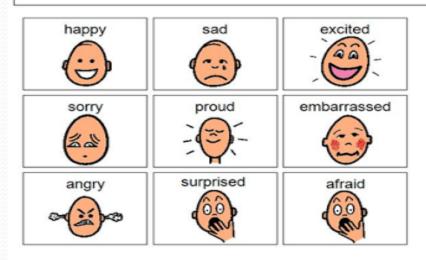
Need to talk about feelings...over and over.....how they feel, how others feel...







How do you feel today?





Difficulty understanding that relationships:

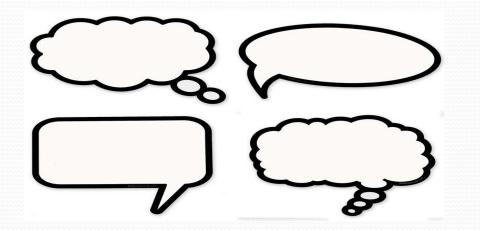
- Can be voluntary or involuntary
- Can change over time
- Difference between friends and acquaintances

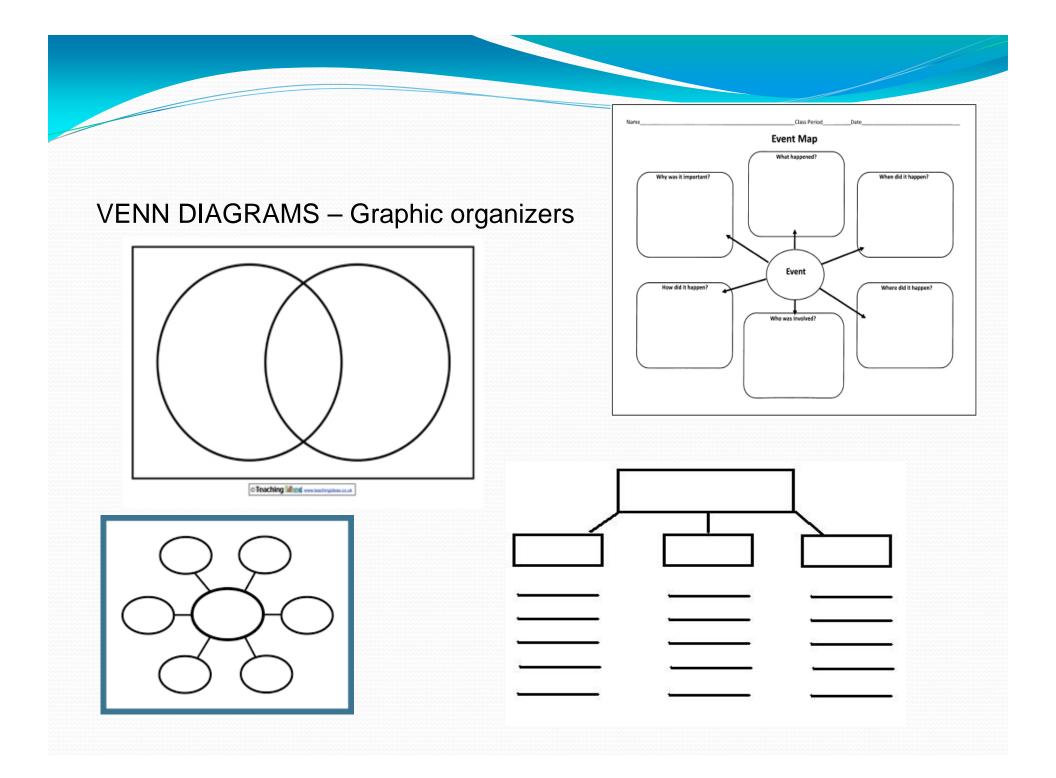
FRIENDSHIP and SOCIAL SKILLS need to be directly taught....and facilitated over the lifetime....

And if their relationships move to an intimate level....they also need good and continued teaching without judgement.



p.) Difficulty with critical thinking..... cause and effect reality and fantasy hidden curriculum of " life"





q.) Teach, plan for changes ,new routinesBEFORE it becomes a necessity or an emergency.

6 weeks or 60 times for a typical individual to learn.....

- It is easier to teach a new routine than to change an old behaviour.
- The best emergency management procedure is to avoid the emergency in the first place.
- Sometimes we want things to be different but we don't want to do anything different.



r.) If something does not hurt themselves, others or a building, then let them "goof" up.

For Better or For Worse®

by Lynn Johnston

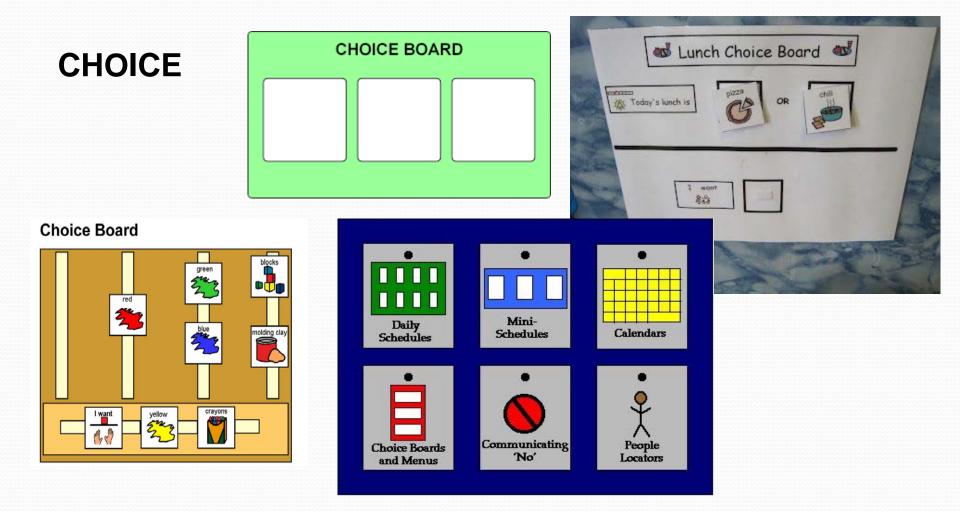


C. DON'T TEACH ANTHING YOU HAVE TO UNTEACH

- WHY? ...will it be appropriate and safe, 5, 10 or 20 years from now.
- The definition of insanity is doing the same thing over and over and expecting different results....



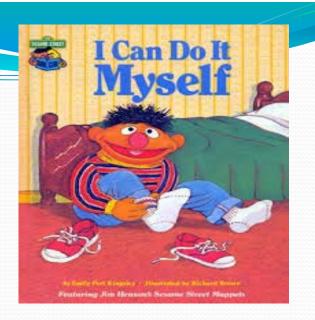
D. IMPORTANT WORDS IN SEXUALITY, HEALTH and HYGIENE EDUCATION



INDEPENDENCE

- Especially in all areas related to health, hygiene and sexuality







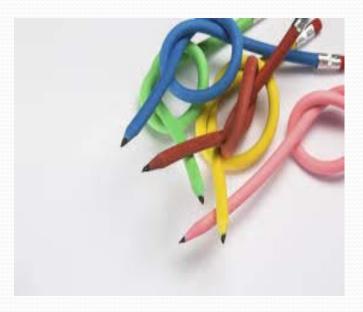
SELF ESTEEM





FLEXIBILITYwe also want them to learn to be flexible....

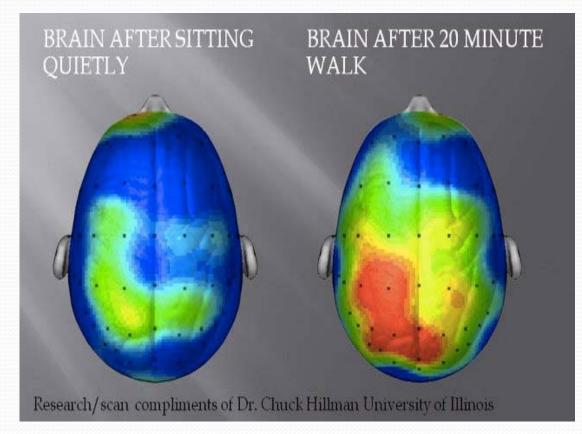


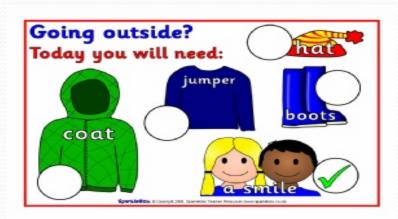




CREATIVITY In teaching and in finding solutions







Visual Cue / 15 seconds Visual Cue / 15 seconds Visual Cue / 15 seconds

TIME

DO NOT TALK!!!!!

Teach the peers / friends / workers/ family members to use this strategy......

TRANSITIONS

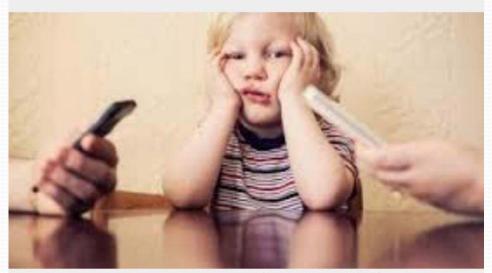
THINK - THE CELL PHONE ANALOGY:

- a) VISUAL
- b) TIME
- c) SOMETHING TO DO
- d) SOMETHING TO HOLD..... YOUR PERSONAL "STUFFIE"





I wish I was their phone...



So they would hold me and look at me all day. DiscoverRE XDo



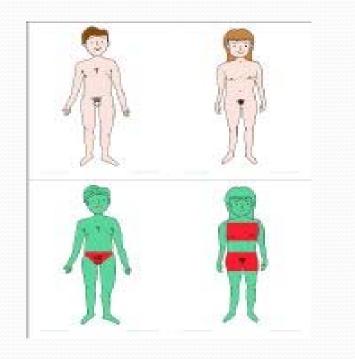
EXPECTATIONS......have them!!!!

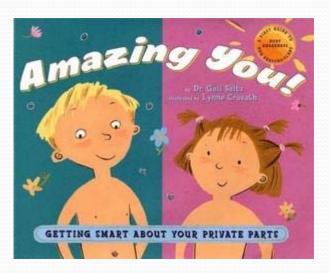


E. TOPICS or the CURRICULUM that NEEDS TO BE TAUGHT.....WHAT do I TEACH? WHERE do I BEGIN?

1. TEACHING ABOUT THE BODY

a) Body Parts and Awareness.....correct names of all parts





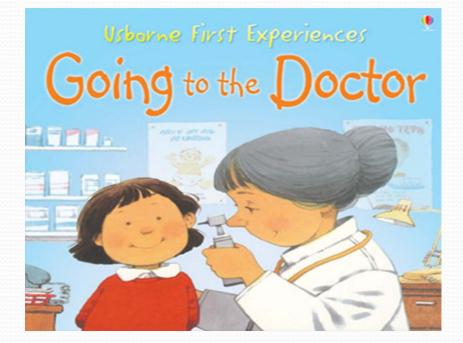


b) Awareness of the body, how it all works and changes that will happen over a lifetime.

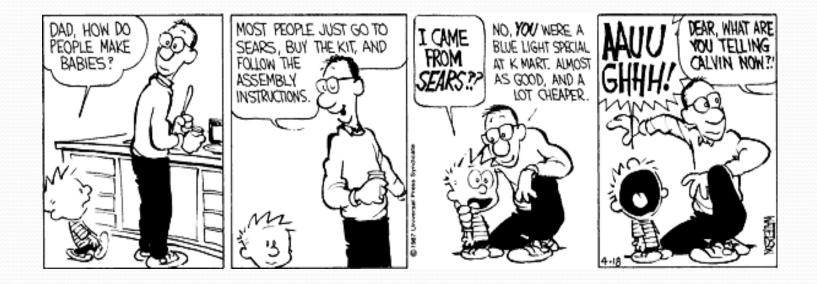


A guide to puberty, from the authors of "Where Did I Come From?"











c) Hygiene and Health issues

WantIndependence, good routines established and understood before needed or a crisis happens....

PERSONAL CARE should never be done by strangers







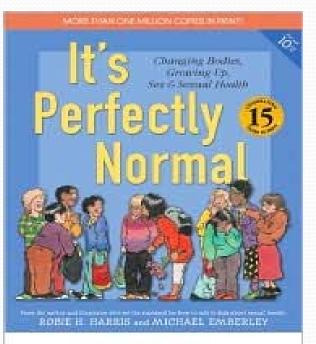
Grooming and Dress



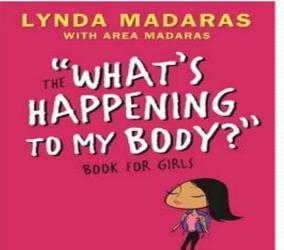




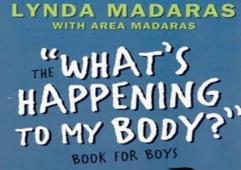
e) PUBERTY..... It will come.....



Interest Uni Chir - Cotto Per Passa



THE BESTSELLING GROWING-UP GUIDE FOR PRETEENS AND TEENS

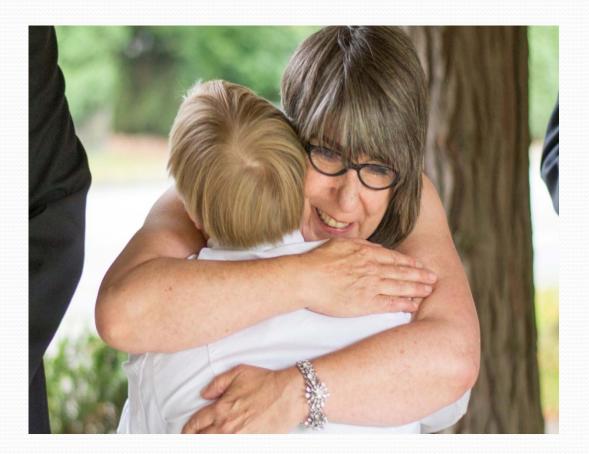


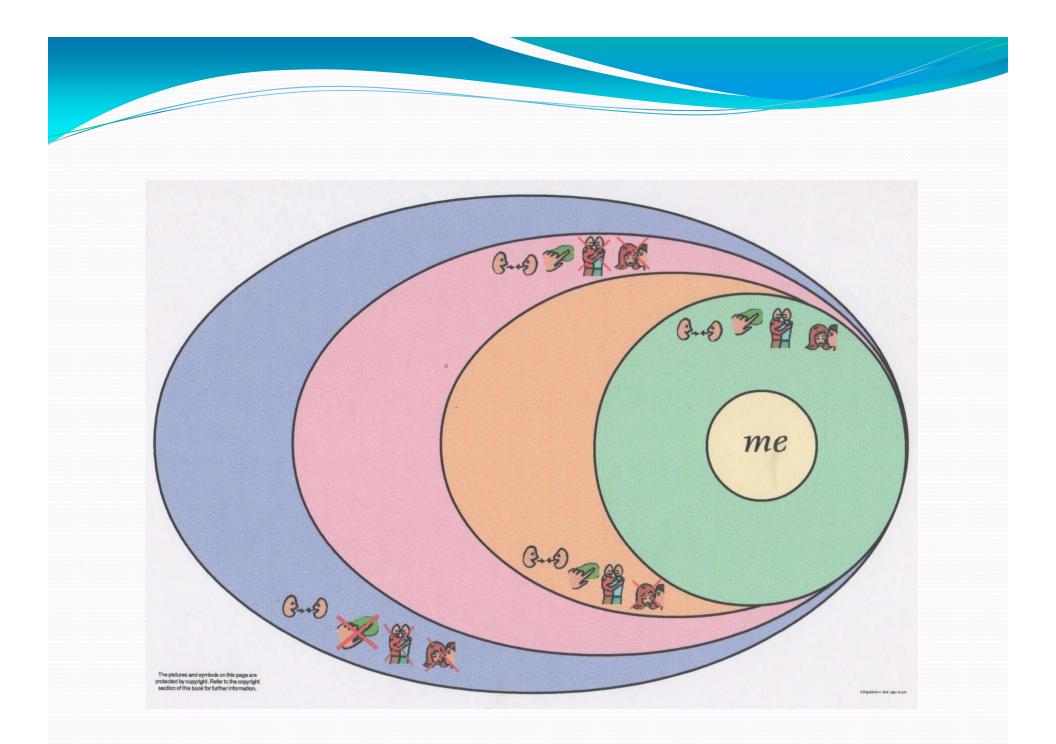


THE BESTSELLING GROWING-UP GUIDE FOR PRETEENS AND TEENS

2. BOUNDARIES -----biggest problem...US!

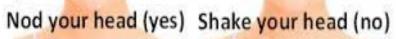
WHOM DO YOU HUG?









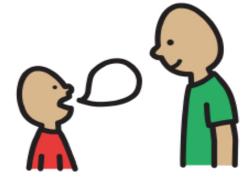




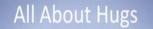




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Ask: Can I give you a hug, please?







If he says no, I say, "No problem" and if he says "Yes" we hug!

3. UNDERSTANDING PRIVATE AND PUBLIC

a) Places

Social story: Bathrooms in public places like schools are used by lots of people. When you need to do something PRIVATE in a PUBLIC bathroom you go into a stall and close the door.







PRIVATE PLACES

When no one else's eyes can see you that is a private place. When I want privacy I go to a private place.

A private place is the bedroom with the door shut. No eyes can see in the bedroom with the door shut. It is a private place.

A private place is the bathroom with the door shut. No eyes can see in the bathroom with the door shut. It is a private place.





I can go to the bedroom or the bathroom if I want to be in a private place.



PUBLIC PLACES

Public places are places where other people's eyes can see you.

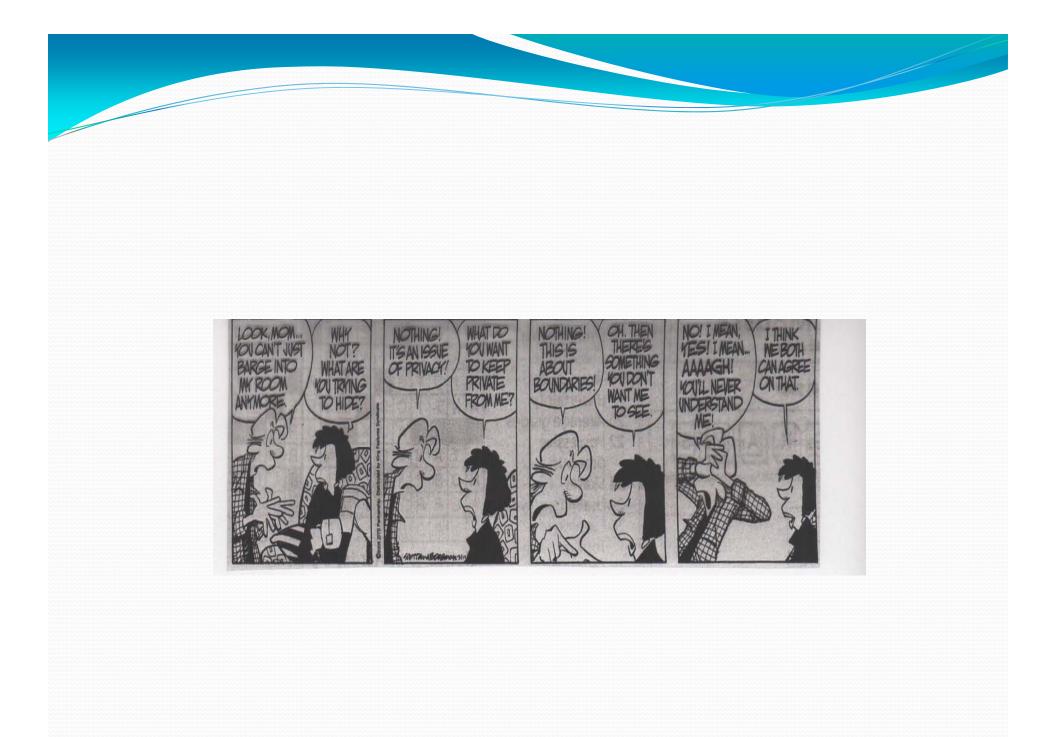
At school other people's eyes can see you. School is a public place. In the classroom other people's eyes can see you. A classroom is a public place.

At the park other people's eyes can see you. A park is a public place. At home there are public places where other people's eyes can see you.

In the kitchen other people's eyes can see you . The kitchen is a public place.

What other public places do you know?





Door Signs

Autism Visual Prompt Reversible Stop/Go Sign





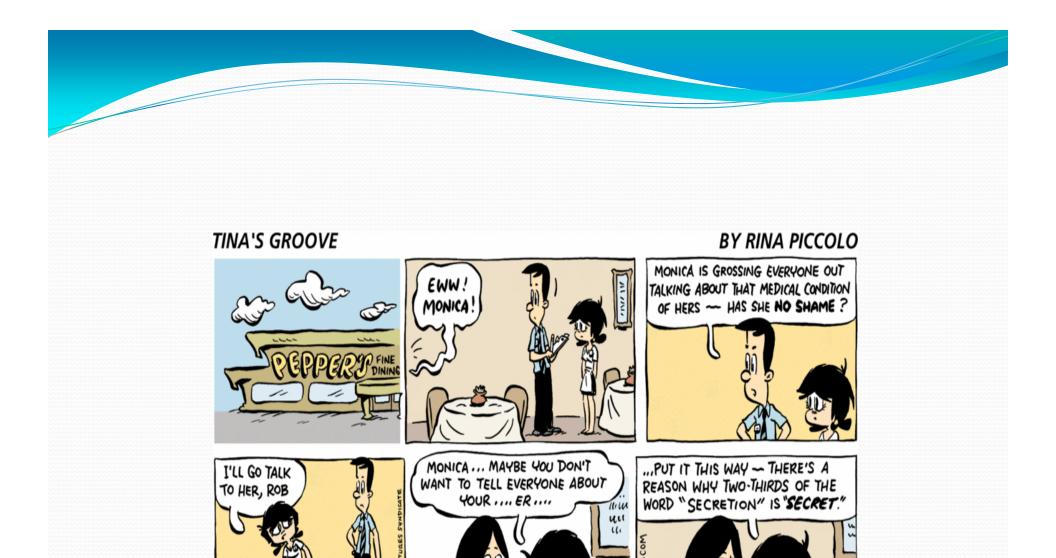




b) Voice

c) Topics being discussed





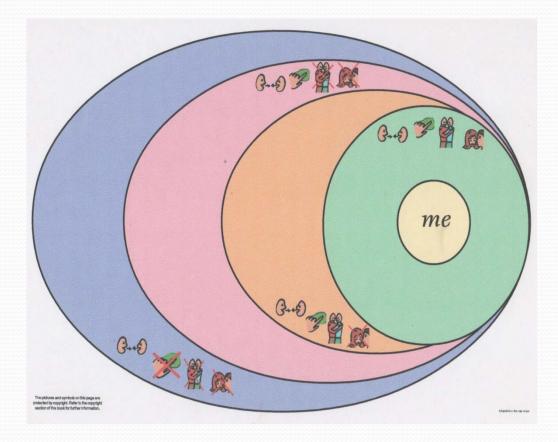
b

NASGRO

Piccolo

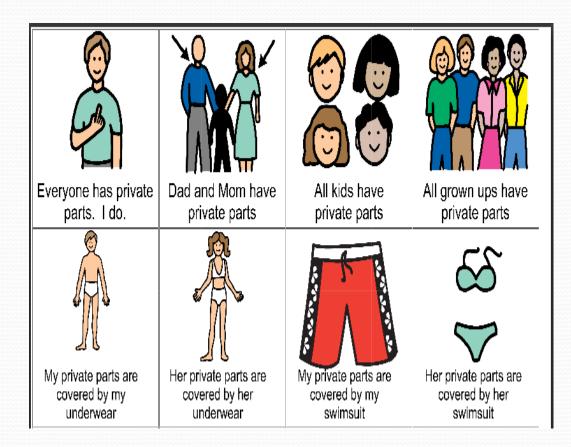


d) Who do you talk about private things with?





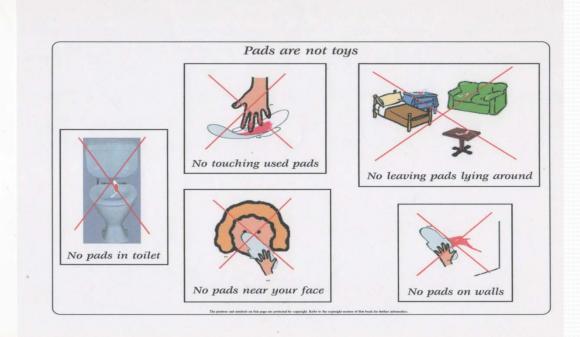
e) Parts of the Body What are the PRIVATE PARTS?





f) Behaviours

- Touching private parts of themselves or others
- Girls sitting with legs apart
- Spontaneous erections
- Stalking, crushes
- Masturbation
- Hands in pants





g) Modesty





h) Touch

- Good touch...bad touch...friendly, helping, loving, sexy and NO touch
- Teach skills needed to make friends who will meet their need for intimate touch
- Touch needs to have context...a reason...communicated
- Touch especially from workers should be talked though, permission asked
- Staff should wear gloves
- Talk while teaching to be independent..support with VISUALS
- How to get legitimate touch....massage, hand on back, arm squeeze, side hug, high fives, knuckle punch, holding hands if appropriate



"Trust your child

Just like adults, children have an 'inbuilt radar' when it comes to safe and unsafe touch. If they say they don't want to go with some-one or they don't want to be left alone with a person (even if you deem them a good friend), trust your child's instincts and respect their wishes. **??**

Jayneen Sanders

For more information on Body Safety education go to: www.somesecrets.info



Children need to know these 3 KEY and LIFE-CHANGING rules:

 Their body is their body and no-one has the right to touch it.
They must never ever keep secrets that make them feel bad or uncomfortable.
If someone touches their body, they must tell, tell, tell; and keep on telling until they are believed.

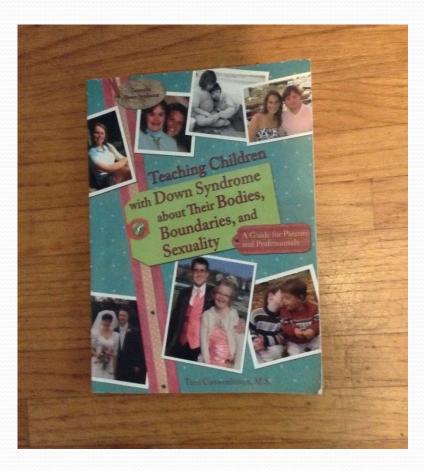
Children ARE the boss of their body!

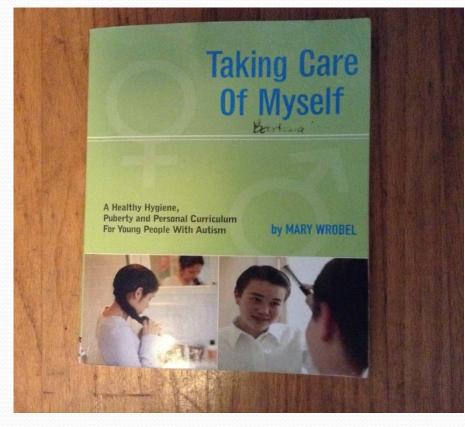
For more info on Body Safety Education go to **www.somesecrets.info**





F. BOOKS, WEBSITES



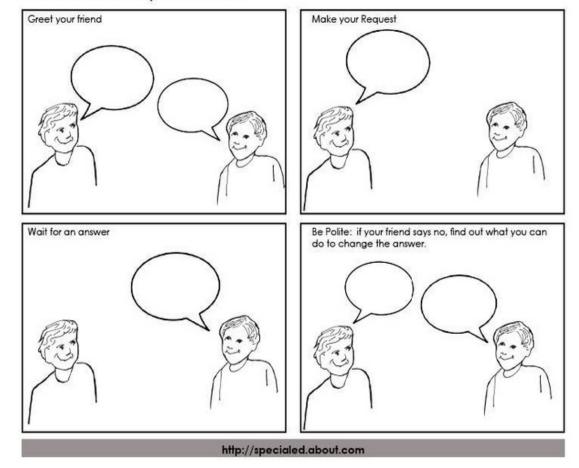


SOCIAL STORIES

- CAROL GRAY......if you do not use her formula it is called a WRITTEN STORY...many examples on line...in her books.
- Social stories help improve understanding.....about how others respond and how they might behave in a given situation.
- If you write them there should be several copies available..at home, at school, at the day program, in the car.....
- Have the individual involved in writing them, taking the photos, and use photos of THEM....very powerful!
- Use them FOR INDIVIDUALS OF ALL AGES!



Social Skills Cartoon: Request from a Friend

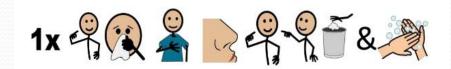




I can use a tissue to blow my nose.



Once I blow my nose I should throw the tissue away and wash my hands.



Blowing My Nose

Y

- b Every day there is stuff in my nose.
- I need to blow and wipe my nose every day to get the snot out.
- When I am sick with a cold or runny nose, I need to blow and wipe my nose many times a day.
- Sometimes when I sneeze, lots of stuff will come out of my nose.
- I always need to blow and wipe my nose with a tissue.
- After I blow and wipe my nose, I throw away the tissue and wash my hands with soap and water.

The stuff in my nose is dirty and yucky. I must never eat the stuff in my nose. I must always wash my hands after I touch the stuff in my nose.

- So blow my nose, I lay the tissue over my nose and cover my nostrils.
- I cover one nostril with my finger and blow gently. Then I cover the other nostril with my finger and blow gently.
- I wipe my nose a little more and fold the tissue. I throw the tissue in the trash. Then, I wash my hands with soap and water.
- I can do a good job of blowing my nose. I will gently blow my nose every day to get the snot out.



The stuff in my nose is dirty and yucky. I will remember to wash my hands after I blow my nose.

Picking my nose story

We all have a nose.

Sometimes I get a cold and my nose gets full of bogies.

This makes my nose feel funny and I don't like it.

Sometimes I want to pick my nose and eat them so I can get rid of the bogies.

Adults and children think this is gross and they may say "yuck!" I don't want the adults and children to think

I don't want the adults and children to think I am gross. This will make me feel sad. <u>Yuck!</u> When I want to pick my nose I need to STOP, get some Tissue and BLOW my NOSE. Then I need I like it when adults andto throw the tissue in the bin. If I am still having problems and really, really need to pick my nose, I can go to the toilet where nobody can see me. I MUST wash my hands afterwards.

I like it when adults and children don't think I am gross. It makes them happy when I don't pick my nose. It makes me happy that I can remember to blow my nose instead. It will make my teacher VERY HAPPY.

Fingers in My Nose



I do not put my fingers in my nose.



I get a tissue for my nose.



I blow my nose in a tissue.



I wipe my nose with a tissue.



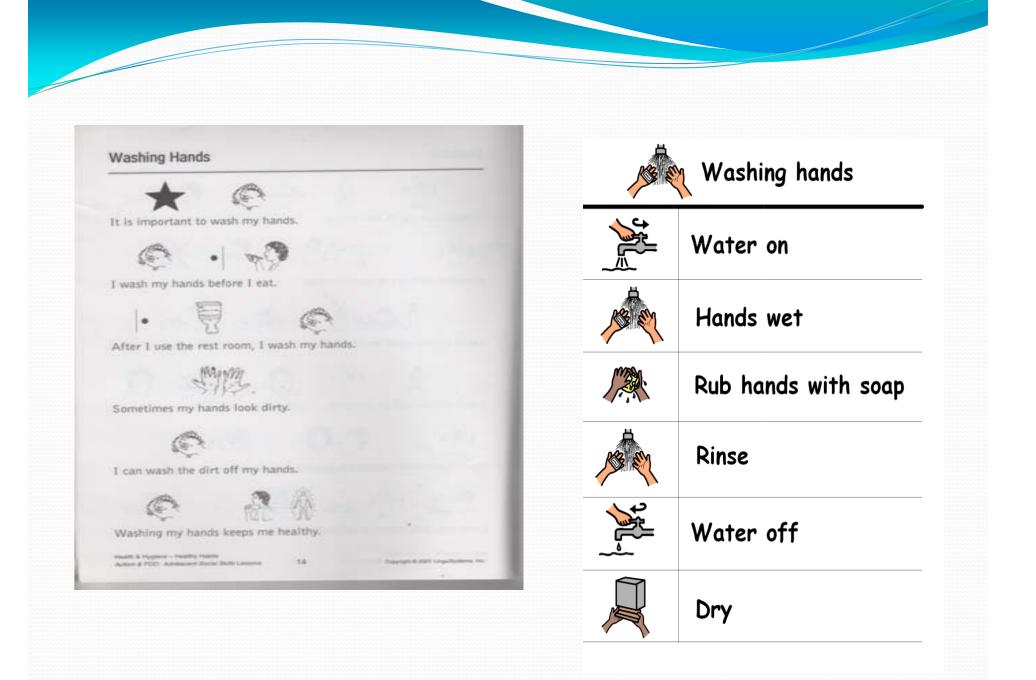
I put the tissue in the trash.

Getting Along – My Body Autism & PDD: Social Skills Lessons Copyright © 1999 LinguiSystems, Inc.

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Do Not Pick My Nose





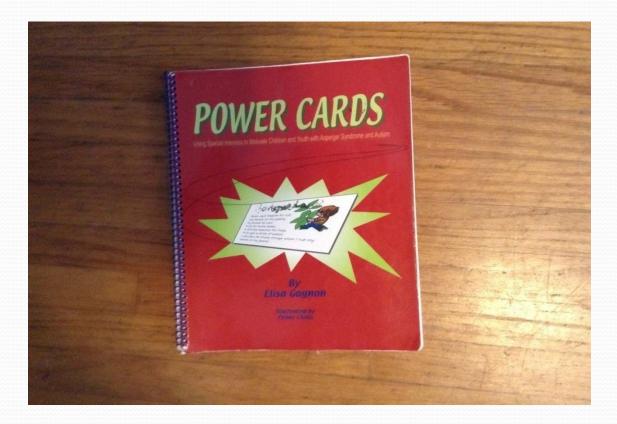
Bathtime E 11/3 100000 I need a bath so I can be clean. I turn on hot and cold water to make warm water. I take off all my clothes. I step in slowly and sit down. I use a washcloth and soap on all my body parts. I rinse all the soap off. I get out slowly and dry off with a towel. Health & Hygiene - Grooming Copyright @ 2001 Linguillystems, Inc. Autom & PDD: Adolescent Social Skills Lessons 43

LA D My underarms smell bad when I sweat. (3) body oddr This is called "body odor." People don't like to smell body odor. Deodorant stops the bad smell. 105 I can put deodorant under my arms. ICREM'N'S I will try to wash and use deodorant every day. Heath & Hypere - Gronning Autom & PDD: Advisorer Dickel State Leasure Classifier & State Ling 48

Using Deodorant

Covering	Everyone has private areas on their body.	My breasts, bottom and genitals are my private
My Private areas	Mom and Dad have private areas.	in areas.
A constraint of the second sec	All adults and children have private areas. I have private areas.	My private areas belong to me. People should not see or touch my private areas. Most of the time, my private areas need to be covered with clothing.
<text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text>	Being naked means wearing no clothes. It is not okay for all people to see me naked. Sometimes my mom or dad, a doctor or a nurse may need to see my private areas.	It is not okay for friends or other adults to see me naked. It is not okay for my brother or his friends to see me naked. I need to be naked when I take a shower or a bath.
After my shower or bath it is important to cover my privates before leaving the bathroom.	I will do a great job of covering my private areas when I leave the bathroom.	
I can cover my private areas with a towel, a bathrobe or my clothes		
VICE MARKET AND	Ancian hot has career for the two the	

POWER CARDS





Shania Twain likes to have friends.

Shania Twain knows that to have friends she needs to smell nice.

Shania Twain knows that to smell nice she needs to :

- 1. have a shower and wash her hair every day
- 2. put on deodorant after she showers
- 3. put on clean underwear and a clean t shirt everyday

Shania Twain knows that s when she does these things people will want to be her friend.





- Shania Twain is anxious to share these three key points that she has learned about having smelling nice so that people will want to be her friend.
 - 1. have a shower and wash your hair every day
 - 2. put on deodorant after you shower



3. put on clean underwear and a clean t - shirt everyday

Following these 3 steps will help you have friends just like Shania!



WHEN TEACHING REMEMBERTEACH....

- A SMALL Portion / Section at a time
- SLOWLYdo not overload with material
- INTERACTIVELY add MOVEMENT into learning and always before beginning activities
- VISUALLY.....and using TACTILE and MOVEMENT
- BY REVIEWING....REVIEWING....review before teaching new material

- Part 1 The Challenges in teaching to the Developmentally Disabled population.....and add in challenges of Mental health....
- Part 2 Teaching Tools for you..and your staff ..tools, strategies that will help with learning, understanding and remembering
- Part 3 The Curriculum...where to begin, what to teach

There are lots of Curriculums on line...just google...Sexuality, health hygiene curriculum, teaching for Developmentally Disabled...a few on Resource list. Also seem to be a number of people finally doing workshops, training classes in this area.



EMAIL ME DIRECTLY : <u>barb@telus.net</u>

FOR: Relationship Ripples and Friendship, Sexuality and Mensturation Books from Australia

Behaviour articles

Teaching Students with DOWN SYNDROME articles

10 Body Safety Rules

1. **Teach** children the correct names for their body parts.

2. **Explain** that our Private Body Parts (PBP) are those under our bathing suit (also include the mouth).



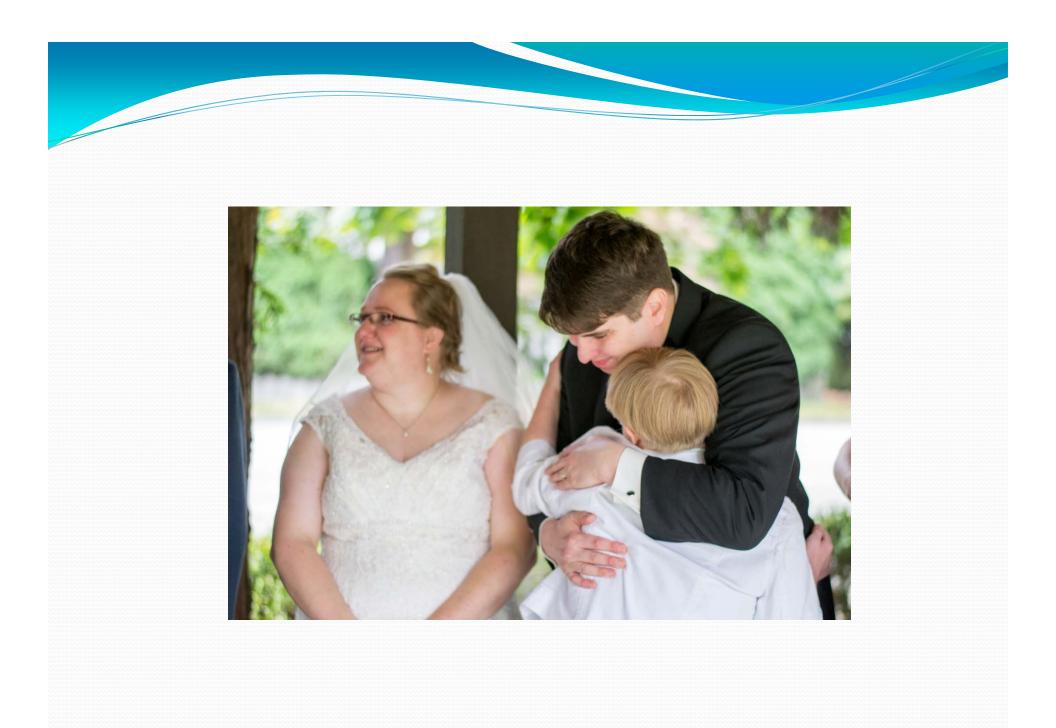
- 3. **Instruct** that no-one can touch your PBP; reinforce your body belongs to you.
- 4. **Explain** you must never touch another person's PBP even if an older child or adult asks you to.
- 5. **Discuss** Early Warning Signs (EWS), i.e. sweaty palms, racing heart, sick tummy; always act on your EWS.
- 6. **Shout**, "Stop" or "No!" (hand held out) if touched on your PBP or in a way you don't like.
- Tell a trusted adult straightaway if you are: touched on your PBP, touched in way you don't like or your EWS kick in.
- 8. Keep on telling until you are believed.
- 9. **Never** keep secrets that make you feel uncomfortable or bad; only keep happy surprises.
- 10.Be strong, be brave and ALWAYS speak out!





WE COULD LEARN A LOT FROM CRAYONS. SOME ARE SHARP, SOME ARE PRETTY, SOME ARE DULL, SOME HAVE WEIRD NAMES, AND ALL ARE DIFFERENT COLORS......BUT THEY ALL EXIST VERY NICELY IN THE SAME BOX.





Teaching Respect and Gender Equality to Kids

In order to reduce gender-based violence, we need to teach gender equality from the earliest of years.

What better way than through children's picture story books!

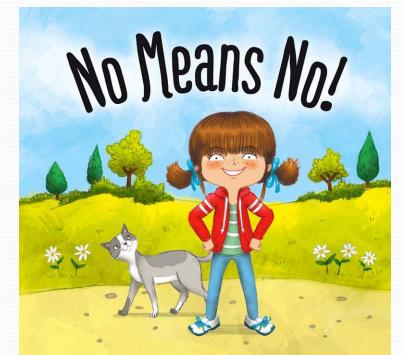


To purchase go to e2epublishing.info

Also available on Amazon.

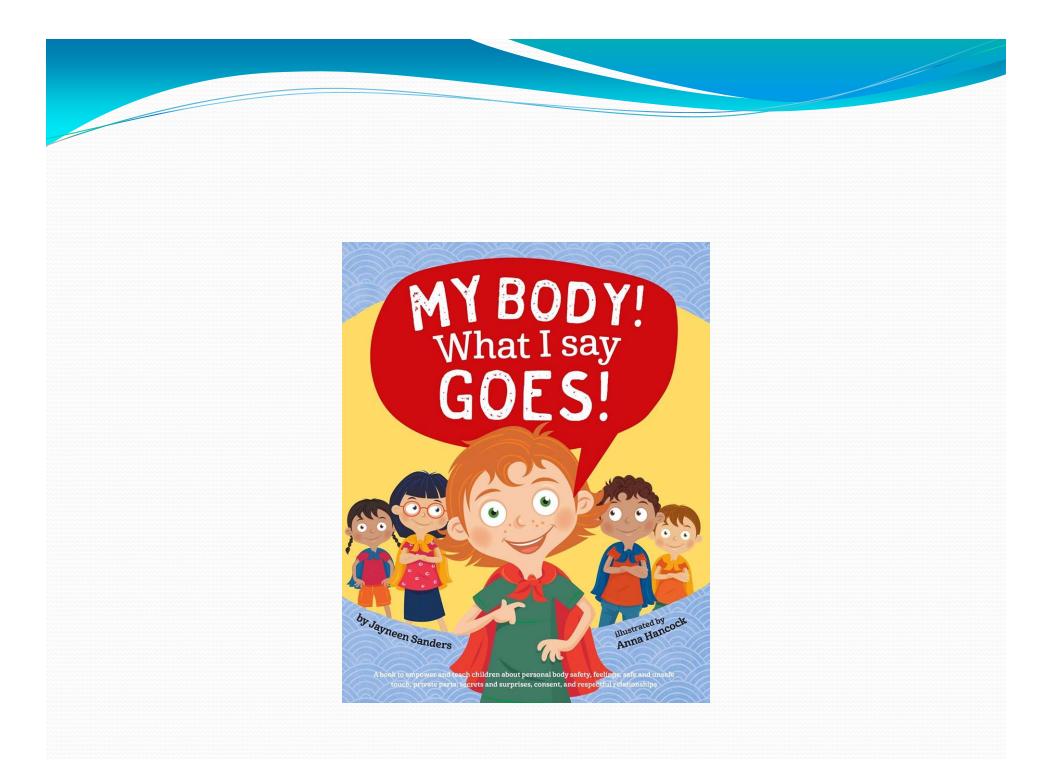




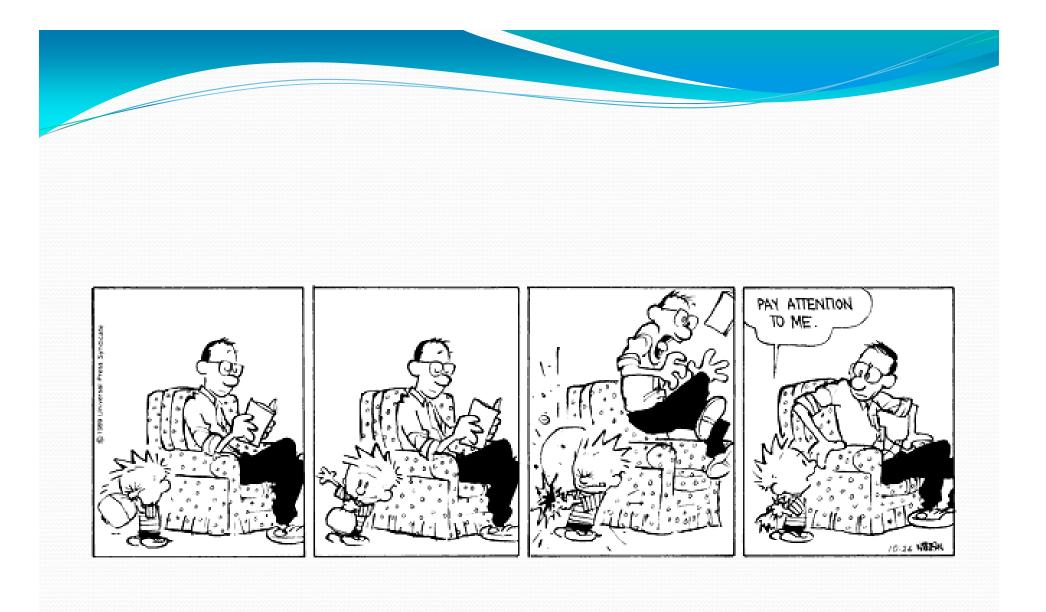


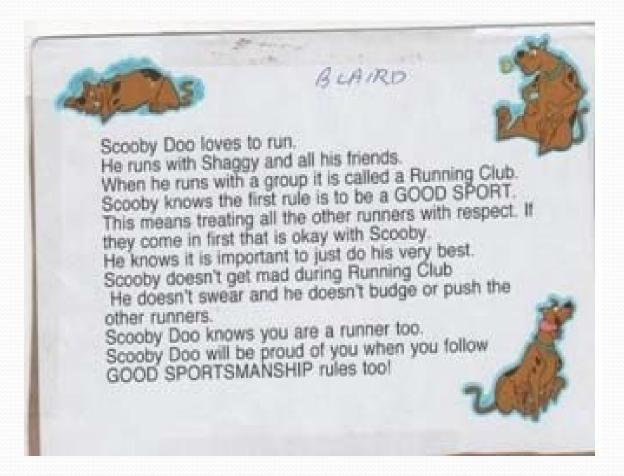
Teaching children about personal boundaries, respect and consent; empowering kids by respecting their choices and their right to say. 'No!'

> by Jayneen Sanders illustrated by Cherie Zamazing











Here are Scooby Doos rules for Running Club:

- 1) Be a good sport!
- 2) Don't swear and push or budge the other runners.
- 3) It's okay not to be first. Just do your best.
- 4) Listen to the coach.





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